## The problem of the carnal Christian

1 Corinthians 3:1-4, p. 924

The problem: Corinthian believers were following their sinful/carnal nature instead of the Holy Spirit.

## I. PAUL DID NOT DOUBT THEY WERE SAVED; HE GRIEVED THEIR SINFULNESS (1 CORINTHIANS 3:1).

- Brothers = believers (1:10, 1:26, 2:1)
- Spiritual = believers (1 Corinthians 2:10-16)
- Fleshly/carnal/worldly = When believers persist in sin like unbelievers following the sin nature
- Believers in Jesus have the <u>new nature</u> (Ephesians 4:22-24; 2 Cor. 5:17) but still have the <u>sin nature</u> (Romans 7:14-25).
- Infants = A synonym for carnal immature like babies

## II. INTERNAL IMMATURITY: PAUL CONFRONTED THEIR SPIRITUALLY IMMATURE MINDS (1 CORINTHIANS 3:2).

- Milk = Believing the gospel, but mostly unchanged by it
- Solid food = Applying the gospel power of transformation

## III. EXTERNAL BEHAVIOR: PAUL CONFRONTED THEIR OBVIOUS RELATIONAL SINS (1 CORINTHIANS 3:3-4).

- A. Jealousy and quarreling are childish and carnal just like unbelievers (3:3).
  - Mere men/humans Indistinguishable from unbelievers
- B. Division and conflict are childish and carnal just like unbelievers (3:4).